

# In need of dividend income?

## International Strategic Value Dividend ADR SMA

As of 8/31/22

### Portfolio objective

- Seeks to provide a high level of dividend income and long-term capital appreciation driven by dividend growth.
- Seeks lower downside risk relative to the broad market.
- Invests primarily in high-quality companies outside the U.S. that are positioned to increase their dividends over time.

### Portfolio highlights

- 5.12% gross weighted average dividend yield
- 259 dividend increases and five cuts since 1/1/13
- 30 dividend increases and zero cuts in the TTM\*
- 29 portfolio holdings
- Beta: 0.90\*\*\*

### Dividend payment history

- 100% of holdings have paid consecutive dividends for 10 years.
- 93% of holdings have paid consecutive dividends for 20 years.
- 34% of holdings have paid consecutive dividends for 50 years.

Holding	TTM* dividend yield (%)	Country	Paid dividends consecutively since	TTM* dividend change date	TTM* dividend % change	S&P credit rating
<b>Communication Services 17.42%</b>						
<b>BCE, Inc.</b>	5.81	Canada	1949	Feb-22	5.1%	BBB+
<b>SK Telecom Co., Ltd.</b>	6.37	South Korea	1990	–	–	A-
<b>Telef Brasil</b>	7.79	Brazil**	1998	–	–	brAAA
<b>Telenor ASA</b>	8.53	Norway	2010	Feb-22	3.3%	A-
<b>Telus Corp.</b>	4.58	Canada	1999	Nov-21 & May-22	7.1%	BBB+
<b>Vodafone Group PLC</b>	6.72	U.K.	1990	–	–	BBB
<b>Consumer Staples 17.38%</b>						
<b>British American Tobacco PLC</b>	6.31	U.K.	1998	Feb-22	1.0%	BBB+
<b>Coca-Cola Europacific Partners PLC</b>	3.99	U.S.	1987	–	–	NR
<b>Coca-Cola FEMSA</b>	4.41	Mexico**	2004	Mar-22	7.7%	A-
<b>Philip Morris International Inc.</b>	5.24	U.S.	1928	Sep-21	4.2%	A
<b>Unilever PLC</b>	3.76	U.K.	1949	–	–	A+
<b>Energy 14.65%</b>						
<b>Enbridge Inc.</b>	6.35	Canada	1953	Dec-21	3.0%	BBB+
<b>Pembina Pipeline Corp.</b>	5.43	Canada	1998	–	–	BBB
<b>TC Energy Corporation</b>	5.69	Canada	1985	Feb-22	3.4%	BBB+
<b>TotalEnergies SE</b>	5.44	France	1945	Apr-22	4.5%	A+
<b>Financials 22.04%</b>						
<b>Bank of Montreal</b>	4.59	Canada	1922	Dec-21 & May-22	31.1%	A+
<b>Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce</b>	5.35	Canada	1868	Dec-21 & May-22	13.7%	A+
<b>Munich Re Group</b>	4.62	Germany	1952	Feb-22	12.2%	AA-
<b>Royal Bank of Canada</b>	4.19	Canada	1870	Dec-21 & May-22	18.5%	AA-
<b>Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group</b>	5.13	Japan	2002	May-22	7.5%	A-
<b>Zurich Insurance Group AG</b>	5.07	Switzerland	1999	Feb-22	10.0%	AA
<b>Health Care 8.60%</b>						
<b>Novartis AG</b>	3.92	Switzerland	1997	Feb-22	3.3%	AA-
<b>Sanofi</b>	4.05	France	1985	Feb-22	4.1%	AA
<b>Industrials 3.85%</b>						
<b>BAE Systems PLC</b>	3.30	U.K.	1999	Jul-22	5.8%	BBB+
<b>Materials 4.14%</b>						
<b>Amcor PLC</b>	4.00	U.S.	1922	Nov-21	2.1%	BBB

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\*TTM represents trailing twelve months.

\*\*Dividend growth may be variable due to the payment of irregular dividends in some Brazilian and Mexican investments.

\*\*\*The 5-year weighted average beta is the 5-year weighted average beta of the underlying stocks versus their local market.

Dividend increase and cut history is shown from 1/1/13, when tracking of dividend changes in the portfolio began.

Dividend changes prior to sale in the TTM\*: On 2/3/22, Roche Holding AG increased its dividend by 2.2%. On 2/10/22, AstraZeneca PLC increased its dividend by 2.5%. On 2/17/22, Nestle SA increased its dividend by 1.8%.

Dividend growth percentage for ADRs is the dividend growth rate of the underlying foreign registered company.

**Past performance is no guarantee of future results.**

Not FDIC Insured • May Lose Value • No Bank Guarantee

Holding	TTM* dividend yield (%)	Country	Paid dividends consecutively since	TTM* dividend change date	TTM* dividend % change	S&P credit rating
<b>Utilities 11.92%</b>						
<b>Algonquin Power &amp; Utilities Corp.</b>	5.25	Canada	1998	May-22	6.0%	BBB
<b>Enel S.p.A.</b>	8.09	Italy	2000	Nov-21	6.1%	BBB+
<b>Fortis, Inc.</b>	3.69	Canada	1972	Sep-21	5.9%	A-
<b>National Grid PLC</b>	4.73	U.K.	1996	Nov-21	3.7%	BBB+

\*TTM represents trailing twelve months.

Information as of 8/31/22.

Refer to the attached GIPS® report for additional information.

Sources: Bloomberg, FactSet and company websites of current holdings.

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## Schedule of rates of return and statistics

Composite Federated Hermes International Strategic Value Dividend ADR SMA  
 Index MSCI World ex USA High Div Yld; prior to Jan16 EAFE High Div Yld (net)  
 Periods ending 6/30/22

### Returns (%)

	Composite pure gross return <sup>^</sup>	Index	Net composite return (assuming maximum fee)
<b>Q2 22</b>	-5.72	-11.50	-6.44
<b>YTD</b>	-0.66	-7.71	-2.15
<b>1 Year</b>	0.96	-7.73	-2.03
<b>3 Years (Annlzd)</b>	6.47	2.51	3.33
<b>5 Years (Annlzd)</b>	4.22	2.68	1.14
<b>7 Years (Annlzd)</b>	3.99	3.26	0.92
<b>10 Years (Annlzd)</b>	5.32	5.36	2.22
<b>Jul 08 - Jun 22 (Annlzd)<sup>^^</sup></b>	3.67	2.90	0.61

	Composite pure gross return (%) <sup>^</sup>	Composite net return (%)	Benchmark return (%)	*Composite 3-yr std dev	*Benchmark 3-yr std dev	Number of portfolios	**Dispersion	Composite assets (\$mil)	Firm assets (\$bil)
<b>2012</b>	15.42	12.04	13.38	16.95	19.54	10	0.13	2.0	371.3
<b>2013</b>	15.96	12.57	23.90	13.51	15.37	58	0.17	11.9	366.8
<b>2014</b>	0.16	-2.80	-3.61	12.12	13.80	142	0.06	35.4	349.3
<b>2015</b>	-7.38	-10.14	-6.74	12.06	13.47	226	0.17	51.3	343.4
<b>2016</b>	2.30	-0.73	5.70	11.84	12.77	27	1.10	6.5	342.3
<b>2017</b>	16.12	12.72	19.90	10.42	11.30	23	0.29	7.9	354.7
<b>2018</b>	-12.09	-14.72	-13.04	10.06	10.68	17	0.41	4.3	377.2
<b>2019</b>	22.75	19.18	23.72	9.46	11.03	17	0.94	3.4	503.1
<b>2020</b>	-2.52	-5.42	-1.32	14.82	18.65	12	3.87	3.0	585.7
<b>2021</b>	13.51	10.19	8.63	14.97	18.14	12	1.80	3.3	634.2

<sup>^</sup>Pure gross returns are shown as supplemental and do not reflect the deduction of transaction costs.

<sup>^^</sup>Represents composite inception period. See additional notes to the schedule of rates of return and statistics.

\*Represents the 3-year annualized standard deviation for both the gross composite and the index returns. Statistic is used to measure volatility of composite returns.

\*\*Standard deviation is calculated using gross returns. Standard deviation is not applicable ("N/A") for any period if fewer than five accounts are in the composite for that period (see footnote 5).

This composite is comprised of all portfolios investing in foreign stocks that management believes will provide high yield, reasonable dividend growth and lower volatility in falling equity market environments, yet will provide potential participation in rising markets. Eligible portfolios are managed with wide latitude to choose the sectors and securities to fulfill the mandate. Portfolios may invest in less developed or emerging markets which generally entail greater political, economic, market, tax, credit and other risks, and may have greater price volatility than securities issued or traded in developed markets. Within eligible portfolios, securities are selected based on a fundamental assessment of their financial strength, dividend yields, dividend growth rates, and performance during periods of market weakness. Effective January 2022, portfolios in this composite implement the strategy using American Depositary Receipts (ADR) versus directly purchasing shares of companies on foreign exchanges. Historically portfolios had the ability to utilize certain Federated Hermes Managed Account Pools (MAPs) in a strategic fashion. Those portfolios will no longer be included in this composite. Investments in ADRs entail risks related to daily fluctuations in the value of currency, which may be more volatile in times of increased market risk. There are no guarantees that dividend-paying stocks will continue to pay dividends. Portfolios in this composite implement the strategy using American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) or a combination of ADRs and a zero advisory fee pooled investment vehicle (MAP) versus directly purchasing shares of companies on foreign exchanges. Investments in ADRs as well as the MAP entail risks related to daily fluctuations in the value of currency, which may be more volatile in times of increased market risk. Effective January 2013, performance for this composite is calculated in U.S. dollars net of foreign withholding taxes on dividends, interest, and capital gains. Individual tax rates may vary dependent on individual residency. Accounts deemed by the portfolio manager to have a category restriction shall be excluded from this composite. A category is defined as a collection of investments with similar attributes such as country restriction, industry classification, business sensitivity, social theme, or security features. The benchmark was changed January 2016 to the MSCI World ex USA High Dividend Yield Index which is more closely aligned from a country perspective. This index is based on the MSCI World ex USA Index, its parent index, and includes large- and mid-cap stocks across 22 of 23 Developed Markets countries. The index is designed to reflect the performance of equities in the parent index (excluding REITs) with higher dividend income and quality characteristics than average dividend yields that are both sustainable and persistent. Indexes are unmanaged and cannot be invested in directly. Separate accounts eligible for this composite generally have a minimum of \$100,000 at the time of opening and are a part of an asset-based pricing program. This composite was created in March 2011. Federated Hermes has managed portfolios in this investment style since June 2008. Prior to April 2011, this composite consisted of the Federated Hermes International Strategic Value Dividend Institutional Composite. Effective April 2011, wrap fee accounts make up 100% of this composite. Federated Hermes claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards ("GIPS<sup>®</sup>") and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS<sup>®</sup> standards. Federated Hermes has been independently verified for the period of January 1, 1992, through March 31, 2022. The verification report is available upon request. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS<sup>®</sup> standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS<sup>®</sup> standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS<sup>®</sup> standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. Verification does not provide assurance on the accuracy of any specific performance report. Performance results are presented both net and gross of total wrap fees and reflect the reinvestment of income. "Pure" gross returns are shown as supplemental and do not reflect the deduction of transaction costs. Net returns reflect the deduction of a maximum fee. A fee equal to the highest anticipated wrap fee that a client could pay (3.00% annually as charged by the program sponsor, inclusive of up to a maximum investment advisory fee of 0.75%) is used. This total wrap fee includes all charges for trading costs, portfolio management, custody and other administrative fees. Actual fees may vary depending on, among other things, the applicable fee schedule and portfolio size.

## Notes to the schedule of rates of return and statistics

1. Federated Hermes is a global, independent, multi-strategy investment management firm. For GIPS® purposes, Federated Hermes is defined to include the assets of registered investment companies that are advised or sub-advised by the various Federated Hermes advisory companies. Effective September 30, 2020, for GIPS® purposes the name of the firm was officially changed to Federated Hermes. Firm assets on this report exclude assets affiliated with Hermes GPE and the advisory-only, model-based assets that may be included in other reports providing total firm assets.
2. Interest income and dividends are recognized on an accrual basis. Returns include the reinvestment of all income.
3. All market values and performance information are valued in USD unless currency is denoted in composite description.
4. Annual composite dispersion is measured and presented using the asset weighted standard deviation of the gross returns of all of the portfolios included in the composite over the entire year. Prior to March 2020 with regard to Federated Clover Investment Advisors composites, annual dispersion was measured using the equal weighted standard deviation of the returns of all the portfolios included in the composite over the entire year.
5. Composite dispersion does not measure the risk of the product presented; it simply measures the return variance among portfolios managed in a similar fashion. This variance can be affected by variations in cash flow or specific client parameters among the portfolios comprising the composites, as well as by execution of strategy across accounts.
6. See the composite description language for a discussion on appropriate fees currently applied to calculate composite performance. With regard to the institutional composites not managed by the MDT Advisers and Federated Hermes London office teams, for the period July 1, 1992 through September 30, 2009, net of fee performance was calculated monthly by reducing the gross composite return by the highest actual fee of any account in the composite for that month, regardless of investment vehicle. Prior to July 1992, the maximum management fee for third quarter 1992 was used to calculate net of fee performance historically to inception of the composite. For those composites managed by the Federated Hermes London office investment team, net composite results are based off model fees using the stated fee schedule. In addition, further fee information can be obtained from the firm's respective Forms ADV Part 2 Brochure Item 5.
7. Additional information regarding the policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS® reports, as well as a complete list and description of the firm's composites and pooled funds is available upon request.
8. Past performance is not indicative of future results.
9. GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.
10. See disclosures on the Schedule of Rates of Return and Statistics Reports for additional information.

Credit ratings do not protect against market risk.

The ratings provided are sourced from securities ratings agency Standard and Poor's (S&P). S&P makes the following credit rating classifications: A or better are considered to be high credit quality; credit ratings of BBB are good credit quality and the lowest category of investment grade; credit ratings BB and below are lower-rated securities ("junk bonds"); and credit ratings of CCC or below have high default risk. A modifier of 1 or + indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its rating category and a modifier of 3 or - indicates a ranking in the lower end of the category.

Beta measures a portfolio's volatility relative to the market. A beta greater than 1.00 suggests the portfolio has historically been more volatile than the market as measured by the portfolio's benchmark. A beta less than 1.00 suggests the portfolio has historically had less volatility relative to the market.

Payment histories account for structural changes companies have experienced.

Portfolio information is derived from a representative portfolio managed in the strategy as of 8/31/22. Since this is a managed portfolio and market conditions can fluctuate suddenly and frequently, the portfolio holdings and investment mix will change. Securities listed should not be viewed as recommendations. It should not be assumed that holdings listed were or will be profitable. The portfolio securities have changed over time and may change at any time. Individual client accounts will vary.

International investing involves special risks including currency risk, increased volatility of foreign securities, political risks and differences in auditing and other financial standards.

There are no guarantees that dividend-paying stocks will continue to pay dividends. In addition, dividend-paying stocks may not experience the same capital appreciation potential as non-dividend-paying stocks.