

# Federated Hermes Institutional Prime Obligations Fund

## Capital Shares

Nasdaq symbol: POPXX | Cusip number: 608919767 | Newspaper listing: PrimeObCP

9/30/21

### Product highlights

- Pursues current income consistent with stability of principal.
- Invests primarily in short-term, high-quality, fixed-income securities issued by banks, corporations and the U.S. government.
- Holds AAAm and AAAmmf ratings from Standard & Poor's and Fitch, respectively.
- Intensive credit review integrating ESG factors in a non-exclusionary way.
- Offers intraday liquidity.

### Key investment team

Deborah A. Cunningham, CFA  
Paige Wilhelm

### Credit ratings

AAA Standard & Poor's  
AAAmmf Fitch

### Portfolio assets

\$13.7 billion

### Top ten holdings

Toronto Dominion Bank  
Royal Bank of Canada  
Societe Generale  
Bank of America Corp.  
ABN Amro Bank NV  
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.  
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group  
Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc.  
Bank of Montreal  
JPMorgan Chase & Co.

Total % of Portfolio: 48.1%

### Share class statistics

#### Inception date

6/25/12

#### Federated Hermes fund number

143

#### Cut-off times

3:00 p.m. ET — purchases  
3:00 p.m. ET — redemptions

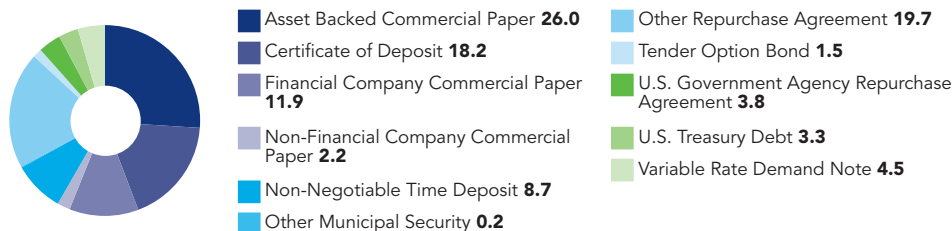
#### Strike times

8:00 a.m. ET  
12:00 p.m. ET  
3:00 p.m. ET

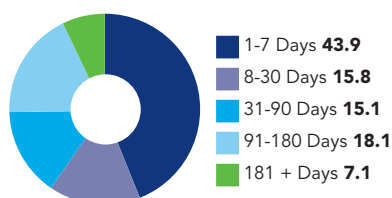
#### Dividends

Declared daily/paid monthly

### Portfolio composition (%)



### Effective maturity schedule (%)



### 2a-7 liquidity

Daily 26.30%  
Weekly 42.72%

### Weighted average maturity

53 Days

### Weighted average life

59 Days

### Fund performance

Net yield (%)		Total return (%)											
7-day	0.01	1-year	0.00										
Annualized yields (%)		Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept
7-day		0.05	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Performance quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return will vary. An investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than what is stated. To view performance current to the most recent month-end, contact us or visit [FederatedInvestors.com](http://FederatedInvestors.com).

Although not contractually obligated to do so, the advisor and/or certain fund service providers waived all or a portion of their fees or reimbursed the fund for certain operating expenses. These voluntary waivers and reimbursements may be modified or terminated at any time; accordingly, the fund's expenses may vary (i.e., increase or decrease) during the fund's fiscal year. These waivers increase income to the fund and result in a higher return to investors.

Otherwise, the 7-day yield would have been -0.12% and total return would have been lower.

Total return represents the change in value of an investment after reinvesting all income and capital gains. Yield quotations more closely reflect the current earnings of the fund than the total return quotation.

Rule 2a-7 requires that money market funds maintain at least 10% daily liquidity assets and at least 30% weekly liquidity assets. Both requirements are 'point of purchase' requirements. Thus, it is possible that money market funds may, at any given time, have liquidity percentages reflecting less than the 10% and 30% thresholds. In such circumstances, the portfolio manager will be required to purchase securities to meet the requisite liquidity thresholds prior to purchasing longer-dated securities. Additionally, the SEC requirements for what may be defined as 'daily' and 'weekly' differs from the standard maturities used in calculating the 'Effective Maturity Schedule.' Therefore, the percentages in the 2a-7 Liquidity table will generally not equal the amounts shown in the 'Effective Maturity Schedule.'

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### Portfolio manager commentary

The definition of “delta” moved from a Greek letter, an airline and the end of the Mississippi River to land squarely on the name of the Covid-19 variant in the third quarter of 2021. The strain gave the pandemic new steam, slowing the economic recovery, especially in states that saw the heaviest infection rates.

The reporting period opened with inflation on the ascending path on which it trod in the second quarter. After calling the increase “transitory” for several months, policymakers acknowledged that prices leapt higher and faster than anticipated. But they stressed that many factors likely would recede, for instance supply-chain back-ups, and that large-scale disinflationary trends, such as aging population, remain as counterweights. In June, the money markets got a boost when the Fed increased the rate on the Reverse Repo Facility and Interest on Excess Reserves by 5 basis points each, to 5 and 15 basis points, respectively.

As the summer ended, the Fed prepared the markets for it to taper its monthly asset purchases. But Chair Powell emphasized that action on the federal funds rate, remaining in a target range of 0-0.25% in the reporting period, was subject to a more stringent standard. The primary input is the progress of the labor market, which slowed in August partly due to surge of delta. In September, policymakers projected the first hike to occur in late 2022. After the suspension of the federal debt limit expired on Aug. 1, political wrangling over raising the ceiling again intensified, though market expectations were for a resolution in early October.

At the end of the quarter, yields on 1-, 3-, 6- and 12-month U.S. Treasuries were 0.05%, 0.04%, 0.05% and 0.08%, respectively; the 1-, 3-, 6- and 12-month London interbank offered rates (Libor) were 0.08%, 0.13%, 0.16% and 0.24%, respectively.

*You could lose money by investing in this fund. Because the share price of this fund will fluctuate, when you sell your shares, they may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. The fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund's liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.*

*Performance shown is for Capital Shares. The fund offers additional share classes whose performance will vary due to differences in charges and expenses. Please consult your financial institution regarding your eligibility to purchase these classes.*

### A word about risk

The value of some asset-backed securities may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates, and although the securities are generally supported by some form of government or private guarantee and/or insurance, there is no assurance that private guarantors or insurers will meet their obligations.

Current and future portfolio holdings are subject to risk.

### Definitions

At Federated Hermes, integrating ESG factors means including relevant and financially material environmental, social and governance information in the analysis of a security/issuer. ESG factors are used as qualitative insights with the goal of improving portfolio risk/reward characteristics and prospects for long-term outperformance. ESG investing does not automatically exclude issuers or sectors, but rather attempts to mitigate risks by identifying companies exhibiting positive (or negative) ESG policies and behaviors.

**Net yields** are based on the average daily income dividend and average net asset value for the 7 days ended on the date of calculation. The 7-day net annualized yield is based on the average net income per share for the 7 days ended on the date of calculation and the offering price on that date.

**The fund is a managed portfolio** and its holdings are subject to change.

**The holdings percentages** are based on net assets at the close of business on 9/30/21 and may not necessarily reflect adjustments that are routinely made when presenting net assets for formal financial statement purposes.

**Weighted average maturity** is the mean average of the periods of time remaining until the securities held in the fund's portfolio (a) are scheduled to be repaid, (b) would be repaid upon a demand by the fund or (c) are scheduled to have their interest rate readjusted to reflect current market rates. Securities with adjustable rates payable upon demand are treated as maturing on the earlier of the two dates if their scheduled maturity is 397 days or less, and the later of the two dates if their scheduled maturity is more than 397 days. The mean is weighted based on the percentage of the amortized cost of the portfolio invested in each period.

**Weighted average life** is calculated in the same manner as the Weighted average maturity (WAM), but is based solely on the periods of time remaining until the securities held in the fund's portfolio (a) are scheduled to be repaid or (b) would be repaid upon a demand by the fund without reference to when interest rates of securities within the fund are scheduled to be readjusted.

**Repurchase agreements** consist of a financial institution selling securities to a fund and agreeing to repurchase them at a mutually agreed upon price and time.

Variable rate demand notes are tax-exempt securities that require the issuer or a third party, such as a dealer or bank, to repurchase the security for its face value upon demand. The securities also pay interest at a variable rate intended to cause the securities to trade at their face value.

### Ratings and rating agencies

Ratings are based on an evaluation of several factors, including credit quality, diversification and maturity of assets in the portfolio, as well as management strength and operational capabilities. A money market fund rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's is granted after evaluating a number of factors, including credit quality, market price, exposure and management. Fitch's money market fund ratings are an assessment of a money market fund's capacity to preserve principal and provide liquidity through limiting credit, market and liquidity risk. For more information on credit ratings, visit [standardandpoors.com](http://standardandpoors.com) and [fitchratings.com](http://fitchratings.com).

Ratings are subject to change and do not remove market risk.

Credit ratings do not provide assurance against default or other loss of money and can change.